Interferometry at Radio Frequencies

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October 29, 1999

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INTERFEROMETRY AT RADIO FREQUENCIES

Interferometers at Radio Frequencies

- Sharpen our view of the Universe at long wavelengths
- Produce images of processes that are invisible to the human eye
 - Radio emission from Jupiter's powerful radiation belts
 - Galaxy-size jets from super-massive black holes
 - Interiors of "Stellar Nurseries" clouds of interstellar gas and dust where new stars are being formed
- Complement studies with Optical and Infrared Interferometry
 - Spatial Resolution is ~100 micro-arcseconds
 - Enables detailed study of high energy processes
- Enable high precision astrometric studies at radio frequencies
 - Cosmic distance measurements
 - Searches for extrasolar planetary systems

INTERFEROMETRY AT RADIO FREQUENCIES

Aerial view of the Very Large Array (VLA), National Radio Astronomy Observatory

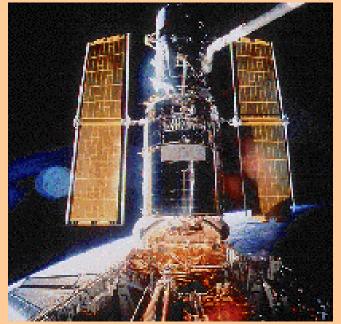


Resolution depends on aperture (and wavelength)

Angular Resolution = 1.22 /D

= wavelength

D = aperture



 $= 5.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$ $D = 2.4 \, \text{m}$

= 0.058 arc sec



= 7 m (Q-Band)

D = 36 km

= 0.049 arc sec

3.6 cm (X-Band)

36 km

0.252 arc sec

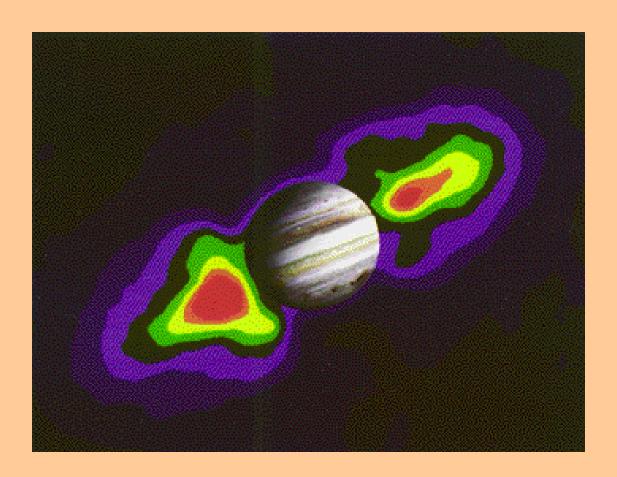
INTERFEROMETRY AT RADIO FREQUENCIES

Jupiter



INTERFEROMETRY AT RADIO FREQUENCIES

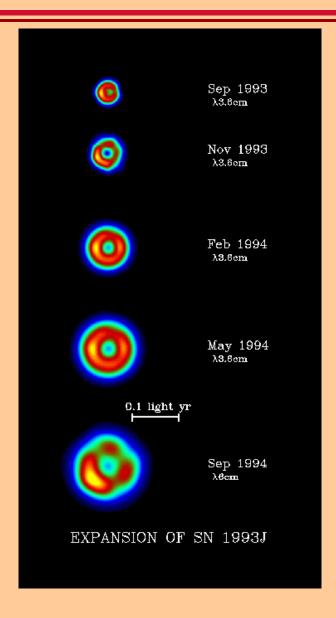
Jupiter image superimposed on a Radio Brightness map of the Radiation Belts



"CAPTURES" EXPANSION
OF SUPER NOVA 1993-J

September 1993 - September 1994

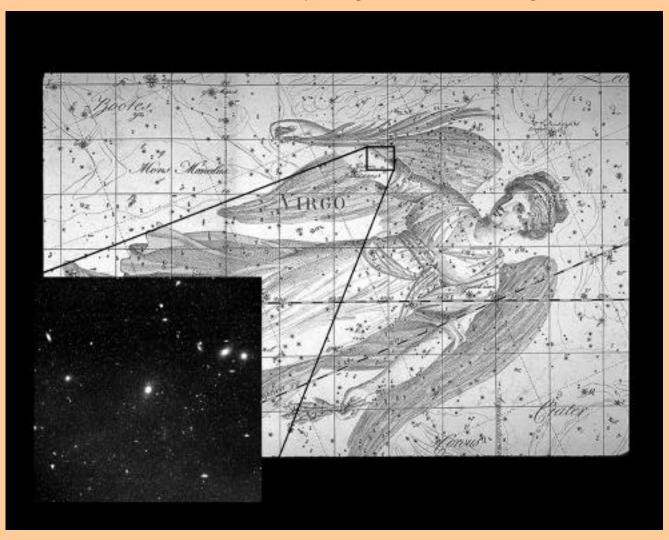
Diameter of radio emission expands ~100 x diameter of solar system



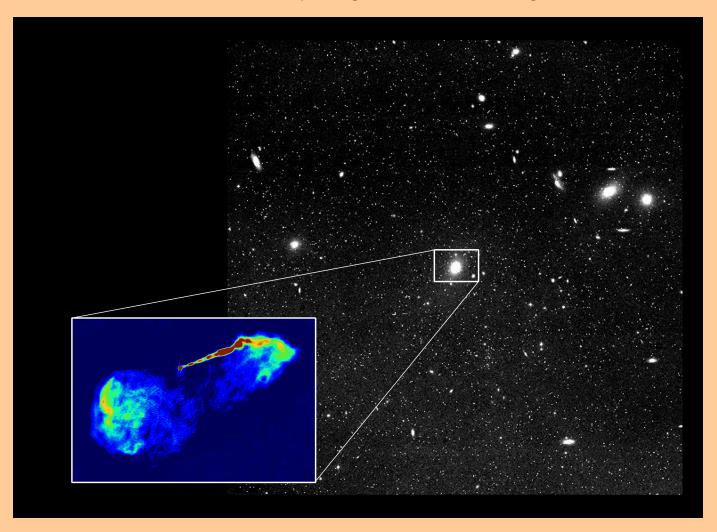
The Radio Galaxy Centarus-A: Visible light image and a VLA radio brightness map of the jets



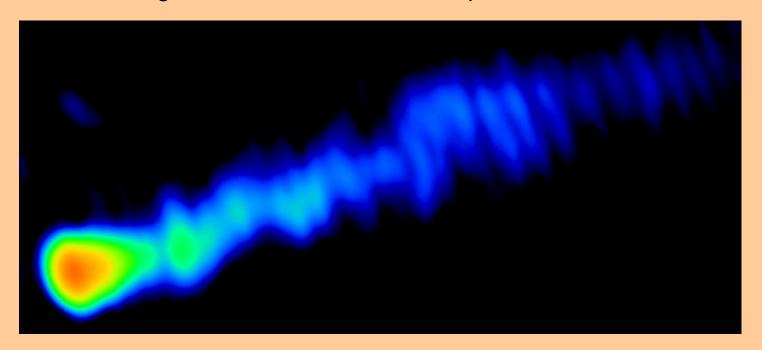
The Radio Galaxy Virgo-A: HST Image



The Radio Galaxy Virgo-A: VLA Image



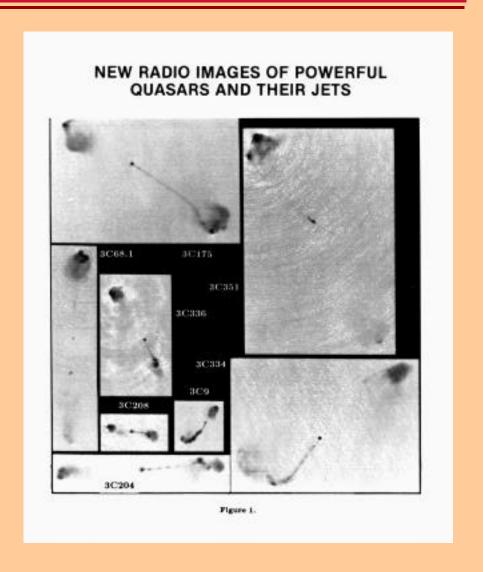
THE RADIO GALAXY VIRGO-A: SVLBI Image of the Core and the Inner portion of the Radio Jet



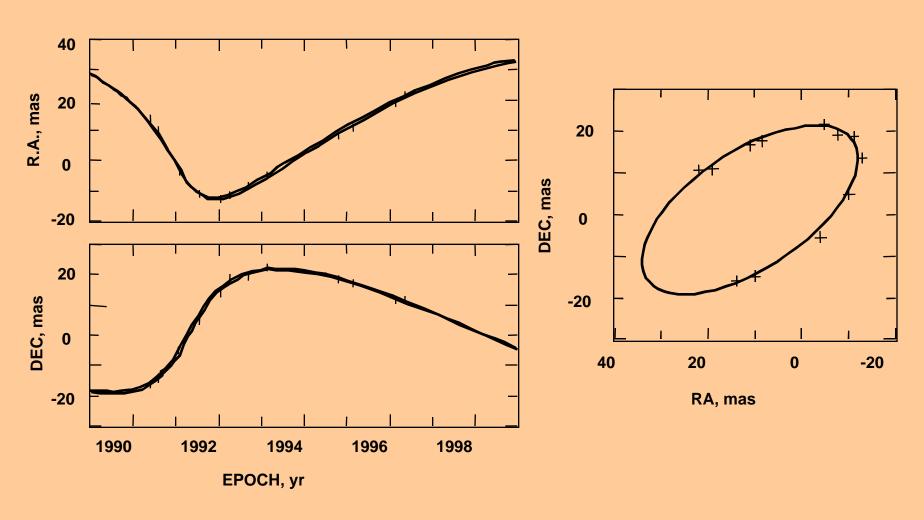
This recent VSOP image was made by Bill Junor (University of New Nexico), John Biretta (Space Telescope Science Institute), Frazer Owen (NRAO), and Mitch Belelman (University of Colorado).

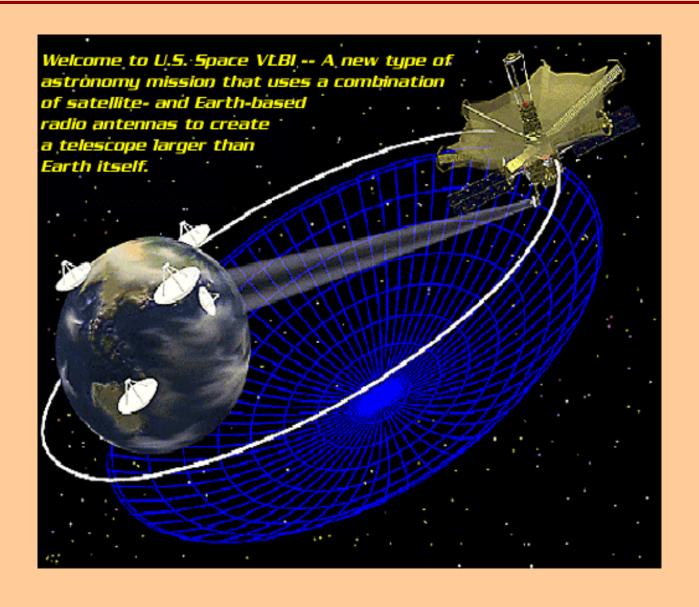
Powerful jets are revealed at radio frequencies

- Evidence of massive black holes
- Condensations in the jets provide a means to study these objects



VLBI ASTROMETRY OF RADIO STARS: EVIDENCE OF A LOW-MASS COMPANION (~50 M) ORBITING A NEARBY STAR





Astronomical Radio Interferometry between Space and Earth (ARISE)

